

The **MedLine with Full Text** and **CINAHL with Full Text** databases allow you to search by topic within the entire databases, by topic within specific publications, or search for specific articles within publications. To assist you in exploring the services that EBSCOhost offers, below are step-by-step instructions on **searching within specific publications**.

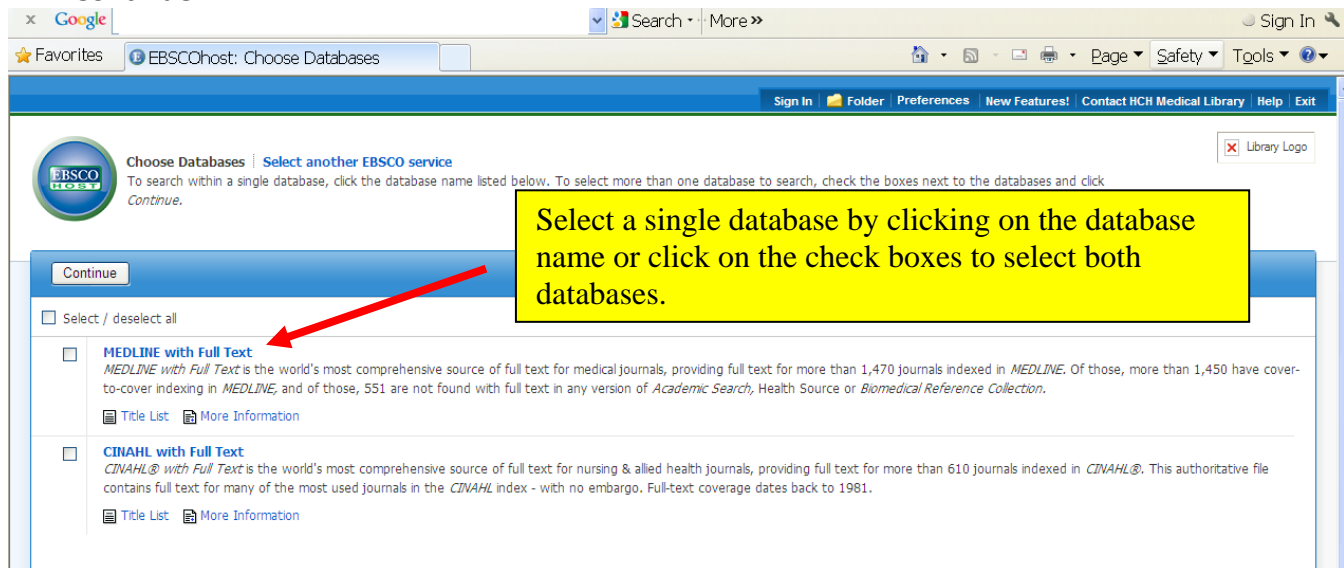
Searching By Publication

Useful for:

- Searching through a list of publication titles that are included in the databases
- Determining your available access (which publications provide instant access to full text articles; the date ranges of available full text articles; which issue dates have searchable bibliographic citations)
- Running topic searches within specific publications
- Searching for specific articles within publication

Instructions:

- 1) Once logged in, **choose which database** you would like to search (can choose both if you would like to expand the search) and click **“Continue”**:



The screenshot shows the EBSCOhost interface for selecting databases. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Sign In, Folder, Preferences, New Features!, Contact HCH Medical Library, Help, and Exit. Below this, the main heading is "Choose Databases | Select another EBSCO service". A sub-heading reads: "To search within a single database, click the database name listed below. To select more than one database to search, check the boxes next to the databases and click Continue." A yellow callout box with a red arrow pointing to the "Continue" button contains the text: "Select a single database by clicking on the database name or click on the check boxes to select both databases." Below the callout, there are two database options, each with a checkbox and a "Continue" button:

- MEDLINE with Full Text**
MEDLINE with Full Text is the world's most comprehensive source of full text for medical journals, providing full text for more than 1,470 journals indexed in *MEDLINE*. Of those, more than 1,450 have cover-to-cover indexing in *MEDLINE*, and of those, 551 are not found with full text in any version of *Academic Search*, *Health Source* or *Biomedical Reference Collection*.
Title List More Information
- CINAHL with Full Text**
CINAHL with Full Text is the world's most comprehensive source of full text for nursing & allied health journals, providing full text for more than 610 journals indexed in *CINAHL*. This authoritative file contains full text for many of the most used journals in the *CINAHL* index - with no embargo. Full-text coverage dates back to 1981.
Title List More Information

2. On the search page, click on “Publications”:

EBSCOhost: Advanced Search - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Holy Cross Health Ministries

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Search Favorites Refresh Print Mail Stop

Address <http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/search?vid=7&hid=5&sid=4ceed258-54ec-4840-bddd-60fa0aa0696c%40sessionmgr10>

New Search | **Publications** | MeSH | Images | More | Sign In to My EBSCOhost | Folder | New Features! | Help

Searching: **MEDLINE with Full Text** | [Choose Databases](#) »

in

and in

and in

[Basic Search](#) | [Advanced Search](#) | [Preferences](#) »

Click on “Publications”

Search Options

Search modes

- Boolean/Phrase
- Find all my search terms
- Find any of my search terms
- SmartText Searching [Hint](#)

Apply related words

Also search within the full text of the articles

Limit your results

Full Text

Date of Month Year: to Month Year

3. **Search Example:** You are looking for a specific article with the following citation:
“Ann Intern Med. 1984 Dec;101(6):743-8. Clinical and prognostic significance of vasculitis as an early manifestation of connective tissue disease syndromes. Lakhapal S, Conn DL, Lie JT.”

****After Instruction #2 (above), enter the publication name and click “browse”:**

The screenshot shows the EBSCOhost Publications search interface. The browser title is "EBSCOhost: Publications - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Holy Cross Health Ministries". The address bar shows the URL: <http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/publication?vid=8&hid=5&sid=4ceed258-54ec-4840-bddd-60fa0aa0696c%40sessionmgr10>. The search bar contains "MEDLINE with Full Text" and "Choose Databases >". The search results are displayed under the heading "Publications". The current search is "Annals of Internal Medicine". The results are sorted by "Alphabetical". The search results list includes:

- [A.A.G. bijdragen / Afdeling Agrarische Geschiedenis, Landbouwhogeschool](#)
Bibliographic Records: MEDLINE Date range of indexed citations unspecified
- [A.I.D. evaluation news \[AID Eval News\] NLMUID: 101087889](#)
Bibliographic Records: MEDLINE Date range of indexed citations unspecified
- [A.M.A. American journal of diseases of children \[AMA Am J Dis Child\] NLMUID: 14470010R](#)

A red arrow points from a text box to the "Browse" button. The text box contains the instruction: "Enter name of publication and click “browse”".

****Search Result:**

The screenshot shows the EBSCOhost search interface. At the top, there are navigation links for 'New Search', 'Publications', 'MeSH', 'Images', and 'More'. The search bar contains 'MEDLINE with Full Text' and has 'Search' and 'Clear' buttons. Below the search bar are links for 'Basic Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Visual Search', 'Search History/Alerts', and 'Preferences'. The main content area is titled 'Publications' and shows a search for 'Annals of Internal Medicine'. There are radio buttons for 'Alphabetical', 'By Subject & Description', and 'Match Any Words'. A pagination bar shows 'Page: Previous | Next < A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z >'. Below this is a 'Mark Items for Search' section with an 'Add' button. The search results list four publications, each with a checkbox, a feed icon, a title, and bibliographic records. A callout box with a red border and arrows pointing to the first two results contains the following text:

Search results will display the title, dates of available bibliographic citations, dates of available full text articles, & PDF graphic instantly indicates that full text articles are available for this publication.

To search within the publication, click on the publication title.

****To access the search page within the publication:**

(For our Search Example, we would scroll down the page & click on the 1984, Volume 101 Issue)

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the EBSCOhost interface. The address bar shows the URL: <http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail?vid=108&hid=5&sid=4c9ed258-54ec-4840-bddd-60fa0aa0695c%40sessionmgr108&data=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtOGI2ZQ%3d%3d#db=mmh&jid=0372351db=mi>. The navigation bar includes links for 'New Search', 'Publications', 'MeSH', 'Images', and 'More'. The user is signed in to 'My EBSCOhost'. The page title is 'HOLY CROSS HOSPITAL'. The EBSCO logo is visible, along with the text 'Database: MEDLINE with Full Text -- Publications' and a 'Back' link.

The main content area is titled 'Publications' and includes navigation links for 'Previous Record' and 'Next Record'. On the right side of this section, there are links for 'Search within this publication', 'Alert / Save / Share'.

The 'Publication Details' section is for the publication: *"Annals of internal medicine [Ann Intern Med]"* with NLM Unique ID: 0372351. The details listed are:

- Title: **Annals of internal medicine**
- Title Abbreviation: **Ann Intern Med**
- NLM Unique ID: 0372351
- ISSN: 0003-4819 Electronic ISSN: 1530-0056
- Publisher Information: American College of Physicians-Philadelphia, PA United States
- Language: English
- Dates of Publication: v. 1- July 1927-
- Previous Publisher: American College of Physicians.
- Alternate Title: Ann. Intern. Med; Rheumatism review; ANN INTERN MED; Ann. Int. M.; Ann. Int. Med; ACP journal club 1991-1994; Annals of clinical medicine

On the right side, the 'All Issues' section lists various issues from 2009 down to 2008. A red box with arrows pointing to the 'Search within this publication' link and the 'All Issues' list contains the following text:

To run a topic search within the entire publication, click on "Search within this publication" **OR** To look for your specific article, click on the specific Issue.

****Accessing your article:**

The image shows a screenshot of the EBSCOhost search results page. The browser window title is "EBSCOhost: Result List: JN Bquest [Annals of Internal Medicine [Ann Intern Med]] PMID: 63723...". The search criteria are "MEDLINE with Full Text". The results are sorted by "Date Descending".

Annotation 1: A red box with the text "Scroll down the results page until you find your article title." has an arrow pointing to the first search result.

Annotation 2: A red box with the text "Click on PDF graphic to access the full text article." has an arrow pointing to the "PDF Full Text" link of the third search result.

Search Results:

- 1. Hepatitis B virus antibody in blood donors and the occurrence of non-A, non-B hepatitis in transfusion recipients. An analysis of the Transfusion-transmitted viruses Study.**
(eng; includes abstract) By Stevens CE, Aadi RD, Hollinger FB, Mosley JW, Szmuness W, Kahn R, Wersch J, Edwards V. *Annals Of Internal Medicine* [Ann Intern Med]. ISSN: 0003-4819, 1984 Dec; Vol. 101 (6), pp. 733-9; PMID: 6437308; Patients who received transfusions and nontransfused control patients were followed to assess the incidence and cause of post-transfusion hepatitis and to identify donor factors that might relate to risk of hepatitis. We evaluated as risk factors in donors the presence of antibody to hepatitis B virus compared with elevated alanine aminotransferase (ALT) level. Units of blood that were positive for antibody to hepatitis B core antigen (anti-HBc) were associated with a twofold to threefold greater risk of non-A, non-B hepatitis in the recipients than were units without anti-HBc. In the absence of specific serologic tests for non-A, non-B agents, screening of donors for anti-HBc might be considered. Our data suggest that the incidence of non-A, non-B hepatitis might have been reduced by about one third by such screening. However, elevated ALT levels in donors had a similar association with non-A, non-B hepatitis in recipients but would have resulted in fewer units of blood being discarded than would screening for anti-HBc.
Database: MEDLINE with Full Text
[Add to folder](#)
[PDF Full Text](#)
- 2. Sporadic cases of hemorrhagic colitis associated with Escherichia coli O157:H7: clinical, epidemiologic, and bacteriologic features.**
(eng; includes abstract) By Pai CH, Gordon R, Sims HV, Bryan LE. *Annals Of Internal Medicine* [Ann Intern Med]. ISSN: 0003-4819, 1994 Dec; Vol. 121 (6), pp. 738-40; PMID: 6389450; During a 6-month period, Escherichia coli O157:H7 was isolated from 19 (15%) of 125 patients with grossly bloody stools with non-bloody diarrhea in the Calgary area. There was no clustering of the cases geographically, but 1 had clinical manifestations typical of hemorrhagic colitis associated with E. coli O157:H7.
Database: MEDLINE with Full Text
[Add to folder](#)
[PDF Full Text](#)
- 3. Identifying this serotype must be applied to the stool cultures. Detection of free cytototoxin in stool filtrates may be an effective diagnostic procedure.**
Database: MEDLINE with Full Text
[Add to folder](#)
[PDF Full Text](#)
- 3. Clinical and prognostic significance of vasculitis as an early manifestation of connective tissue disease syndromes.**
(eng; includes abstract) By Lakhanpal S, Conn DL, Lie JT. *Annals Of Internal Medicine* [Ann Intern Med]. ISSN: 0003-4819, 1984 Dec; Vol. 101 (6), pp. 743-8; PMID: 6149715; The courses of 18 patients with arthritis and vasculitis in the first 2 years after onset of disease (mean follow-up, 54 months) were studied. The patients were categorized as having rheumatoid vasculitis, systemic vasculitis, and undifferentiated connective tissue syndrome. These patients cannot be distinguished on basis of organ involvement by vasculitis or histopathologic findings on biopsy, but can be separated clinically by the extent of joint involvement and the presence or absence of rheumatoid factor and antinuclear antibody. Early onset of vasculitis is associated with a poor outcome, especially in patients with rheumatoid arthritis, with rapid progression to vasculitic involvement of the viscera, resulting in death. On the basis of the 54-month follow-up period involving this selected series, the prognosis of patients with systemic vasculitis and undifferentiated connective tissue syndrome appears more favorable than that of patients with rheumatoid vasculitis.
Database: MEDLINE with Full Text
[Add to folder](#)
[PDF Full Text](#)
- 4. Primary Sjögren's syndrome and other autoimmune diseases in families. Prevalence and immunogenetic studies in six kindreds.**
(eng; includes abstract) By Reveille JD, Wilson RW, Frowest TT, Blas WB, Arnett FC. *Annals Of Internal Medicine* [Ann Intern Med]. ISSN: 0003-4819, 1984 Dec; Vol. 101